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**ALGEBRA.**

123. Proposed by ELMER SCHUYLER, B. Sc., Professor of German and Mathematics, Boys' High School, Reading, Pa.

$$\left(\frac{1+x}{1-x}\right)^{\frac{1}{4}} + \sqrt{\frac{1-a}{1+a}} \sqrt{\frac{1-x}{1+x}} = 2^{\frac{1}{4}} \sqrt{\frac{1-a^2}{(1+a)^2}}, \text{ and } \sqrt{a^2-x^2} + x \sqrt{a^2-1} = a^2 \sqrt{1-x^2}.$$

*Haddon.*

124. Proposed by J. SCHEFFER, A. M., Hagerstown, Md.

A certain quantity of alcohol diluted with water so that in one liter there are  $c$  liters of pure alcohol, is mixed  $n$  times successively with  $p$  times the quantity of alcohol diluted so that 1 liter contains a liter of pure alcohol. How much pure alcohol does one liter of the  $n$ th mixture contain?

\*<sup>\*\*</sup> Solutions of these problems should be sent to J. M. Colaw not later than Dec. 10.

**GEOMETRY.**

151. Proposed by FRANK A. GRIFFIN, Assistant in Mathematics, University of Colorado.

A point is at a distance of 1 inch, 2 inches, and  $2\frac{1}{2}$  inches, respectively, from three corners of a square. Construct the square. Also solve for the general distances  $a, b, c$ .

152. Proposed by ELMER SCHUYLER, B. Sc., Professor of German and Mathematics, Boys' High School, Reading, Pa.

Find a point in a given straight line, such that tangents drawn from it to two given circumferences shall make equal angles with the line. *Chauvenet.* (Four solutions.)

153. Proposed by WILLIAM HOOVER, A. M., Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy, Ohio University, Athens, Ohio.

If  $P, P', Q, Q'$  be the extremities of two chords of a conic section, and both chords pass through the point  $A$ , show that the sum of the squares of the reciprocals of  $AP, AP', AQ, AQ'$  is constant.

\*<sup>\*\*</sup> Solutions of these problems should be sent to B. F. Finkel not later than Dec. 10.

**CALCULUS.**

114. Proposed by JOHN M. COLAW, A. M., Monterey, Va.

If two concentric ellipses have equal axes inclined at an angle  $\omega$ , their common area is

$$A = 2ab \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{2ab}{(a^2 - b^2) \sin \omega} \right).$$

115. Proposed by F. P. MATZ, M. Sc., Ph. D., Professor of Mathematics and Astronomy in Irving College, Mechanicburg, Pa.

The axes of two right elliptic cylinders intersect at right angles, *major axes of the sections* are perpendicular. Supposing the axes to be  $(A, B) > (a, b)$ , what is the common volume?

\*<sup>\*\*</sup> Solutions of these problems should be sent to J. M. Colaw not later than Dec. 10.